NOVEL AND CONVENIENT METHODS FOR THE PREPARATION OF SUBSTITUTED THIOPHENES, THIA-ZOLES, AND 1,3,4-THIADIAZOLE-2(3H)-THIONES FROM BIFUNCTIONAL SUBSTRATES<sup>1)</sup>

I. THOMSEN, U. PEDERSEN, P. B. RASMUSSEN, B. YDE, T. P. ANDERSEN, and S.-O. LAWESSON\*

Department of Organic Chemistry, Institute of Chemistry, University of Aarhus, DK-8000 Aarhus C, Denmark

The reactions of  $\underline{LR}$  (Lawesson's Reagent) with 4-oxocarboxylic acid derivatives I, N-acyl aminoacid derivatives III, and N-acyl-N'-ethoxycarbonylhydrazines V, smoothly produce substituted thiophenes II, thiazoles IV, and 1,3,4-thiadiazole-2(3H)-thiones VI.

Recently it was shown by this group<sup>2)</sup> that the reaction of Lawesson's Reagent ( $\underline{LR}$ ) with N,N'-dibenzoylhydrazine produced 2,5-diphenyl-1,3,4-thiadiazole in high yields.

As an extension of this work the reaction of <u>LR</u> with different bifunctional substrates has been investigated. Thus, 1-(4-oxo-4-phenyl-butanoyl)-piperidine <u>I</u>, on reaction with <u>LR</u> at 110 °C for 10 min gives 82% yield of 2-phenyl-5-piperidinothiophene, II.

$$\varphi^{\text{CC-CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{C-N}} \qquad \frac{\text{LR}}{110 \, ^{\circ}\text{C, 10 min}}$$

Also 1-(N-benzoyl-glycyl)-ethyl ester,  $\underline{IIIa}$ , and 1-(N-benzoyl-glycyl)-piperidine,  $\underline{IIIb}$  produce 2-phenyl-5-ethoxythiazole,  $\underline{IVa}$ , and 2-phenyl-5-piperidinothiazole,  $\underline{IVb}$ , in high yields, respectively.

N-Benzoyl-N'-ethoxycarbonyl hydrazine,  $\underline{V}$ , when refluxed in xylene with  $\underline{LR}$  for 1 h gave 78% yield of 5-phenyl-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2(3H)-thione, VI.

Literature search shows that the yields by this method are better than earlier reported  $^{3-5)}$ . Full papers on thiophenes $^6)$ , thiazoles $^7)$ , and 1,3,4-thiadiazoles $^8)$  will appear elsewhere.

2-Pheny1-5-piperidinothiophene, II: 0.01 mol of 1-(4-oxo-4-pheny1-butanoy1)-piperidine,  $\underline{I}$  (mp 53 °C) and 0.01 mol of  $\underline{LR}$  were refluxed in toluene for 10 min. After cooling to room temp, the product  $\underline{II}$  was separated by silica gel column chromatography with 10%  $\underline{Et}_2$  O/P.E. as eluent, in 82% yield (mp 70 °C).

<u>2-Phenyl-5-ethoxythiazole</u>, <u>IVa</u>: 0.01 mol of 1-(N-benzoyl-glycyl)-ethyl ester, <u>IIIa</u>, and 0.01 mol of <u>LR</u> were refluxed in xylene for 20 min. The product <u>IVa</u> was isolated in 85% yield by silica gel column chromatography with 20%  $\rm Et_20/P.E.$  as eluent (bp 125-128 °C/1 mmHg).

<u>2-Phenyl-5-piperidinothiazole</u>, <u>IVb</u>: The product was prepared as above from 1-(N-benzoyl-glycyl)-piperidine, <u>IIIb</u> (mp 91 °C) and <u>LR</u>. Reflux in xylene for 5 min. Yield: 78% (mp 83 °C).

<u>5-Phenyl-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2(3H)-thione</u>, <u>VI</u>: 0.01 mol of N-benzoyl-N'-ethoxycarbonyl hydrazine,  $\underline{V}$ , and 0.02 mol of  $\underline{LR}$  were refluxed in xylene for 1 h. After cooling to room temp, the product  $\underline{VI}$  was isolated in 78% yield by silica gel column chromatography with 5%  $Et_2O/CH_2Cl_2$  as eluent (mp 149 °C).

All compounds were characterized by microanalyses, MS,  $^1\mathrm{H}$  and  $^{13}\mathrm{C}$  NMR spectroscopy.

## References

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